

# Royal British Columbia Museum

## FIPA Access Assessments

This organization was listed as an independent public body at the start of 2024 under British Columbia's [Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act](#) (FOIPPA) and the [Information Management Act](#) (IMA).

FIPA conducts empirical research as part of its program activities. Its access assessment activities are meant to monitor freedom of information. <https://fipa.bc.ca/research-resources/access-assessments/>

This PDF contains the requests that were sent to this public body, as well as the records that were subsequently released.

These records were originally collected as data for a more in-depth study as part of FIPA's empirical research. That involved submitting focused freedom of information (FOI) requests to determine how this public body, which we classified as part of the broader public sector, was interpreting and applying FOIPPA and IMA legislation.

That project is called *Access Regimes: Social Studies of Recordkeeping, Bureaucracy, and Secrecy under Freedom of Information Law*. Further information about that study can be found on the Open Science Foundation's [registration platform](#).

Distinct from the original study, FIPA has also assessed whether this public body meets expectations identified in an IPSOS poll we commissioned. That poll can be found on the FIPA website here. <https://fipa.bc.ca/british-columbia-arts-council/>

### About FIPA

The BC Freedom of Information and Privacy Association (FIPA) is a non-partisan, non-profit society that was established in 1991 to promote and defend freedom of information and privacy rights in Canada. While we are based in BC, our membership extends across Canada, and we regularly partner with organizations throughout the country.

Our goal is to empower citizens by increasing their access to information and their control over their own personal information. We serve a wide variety of individuals and organizations through programs of public education, public assistance, research, and law reform. We are one of very few public interest groups in Canada devoted solely to the advancement of freedom of information and privacy rights.

### Requests sent to broader public sector organizations

### **Request item 1**

Current organizational charts that indicate freedom of information personnel and information management personnel.

#### **Summary**

Charts that outline where freedom of information personnel and information management personnel exist within an organization.

#### **Rational**

Organizational charts help identify who is responsible for fulfilling certain obligations.

### **Request item 2**

Delegation of authority charts for the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act.

#### **Summary**

Charts that outline who has certain powers under the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act.

#### **Rational**

Delegation of authority charts are standard instruments across the implementation of any law with delegable and discretionary powers.

### **Request item 3**

Policies or procedures regarding freedom of information (not privacy), including policies and procedures regarding the routine release of information and proactive disclosure.

#### **Summary**

Freedom of information policies.

#### **Rational**

Policies are the core of implementing any new public initiative.

### **Request item 4**

Final reports regarding the public body's performance reporting, program evaluations, or project implementation plans or proposals with respect to freedom of information.

#### **Summary**

Internal reports about freedom of information.

#### **Rational**

How public bodies monitor their performance matters.

### **Request item 5**

Delegation of authority charts for the Information Management Act, as applicable.

#### **Summary**

Charts that outline who has certain powers under the Information Management Act.

#### **Rational**

Delegation of authority charts are standard instruments across the implementation of any law with delegable and discretionary powers.

### **Request item 6**

Interoffice memoranda about freedom of information and records/information management.

#### **Summary**

Memos about freedom of information and records/information management.

#### **Rational**

Internal communications can structure organizational activity.

### **Request item 7**

Metadata Application Profiles and records disposition models, as well associated policies and procedures and implementation plans and reports.

#### **Summary**

Metadata schemas for records management systems.

#### **Rational**

Metadata is an essential part of establishing control over records.

### **Request item 8**

Office of primary responsibility designations/matrices.

#### **Summary**

Lists of offices responsible for certain organizational records.

#### **Rational**

Lists like this are often a reflection of the classification logics used to manage records.

### **Request item 9**

Technical manuals for records management systems.

#### **Summary**

User manuals for records management software.

#### **Rational**

Manuals contribute to how staff interact with technology.

### **Request item 10**

Acceptable use of technology policy instruments (where “instrument” has the same meaning as in [Treasury Board Directive 1/23](#) and onboarding manuals.

#### **Summary**

Acceptable use of technology policies.

#### **Rational**

Acceptable Use Policies govern how employees may appropriately interact with technology over the course of their job.

### **Request item 11**

File plans/lists/indexes and/or records management ontologies/thesauri.

#### **Summary**

Lists of regularly created files.

**Rational**

File lists are a prerequisite to an up-to-date file classification plan.

**Request item 12**

Public body self-assessments and audits/evaluations of records/information management.

**Summary**

Self-assessments conducted according to an internal government standard.

**Rational**

Regular reviews of records management is best practice in information governance.

**Request item 13**

Policy instruments regarding records or information management.

**Summary**

Records management policies.

**Rational**

Policies are the core of implementing any new public initiative.

**Request item 14**

Copies of record retention schedules.

**Summary**

Record retention schemas.

**Rational**

Retention schedules are the key instrument in asserting control over records classification and retention.

**Request item 15**

The public body's information resources/information asset plans/records management plans, as applicable.

**Summary**

Records management plans.

**Rational**

Records management is something that must be planned out carefully.

**Request item 16**

Licenses, contracts, or agreements between the public body and recordkeeping system service providers or contractors.

**Summary**

Contracts for recordkeeping systems.

**Rational**

Contracts detail roles and responsibilities with respect to system implementation and maintenance.

### **Request item 17**

Final jobs description files for any employee who regularly performs a role or responsibility (1) in responding to a freedom of information request or (2) fulfilling public body's records/information management needs, including if those job descriptions do not explicitly mention FOI requests or records/information management.

#### **Summary**

Job descriptions for records management and freedom of information staff.

#### **Rational**

Job descriptions articulate the necessary skills and anticipated responsibilities of people charged with doing FOI or RM work.

### **Request item 18**

Records confirming the appointment and responsibilities of subdivisional freedom of information (not privacy) or records management 'champions,' (i.e. an ambassador for records management or FOI within a particular unit, such as FOI Oversight Liaison Officers or Duty to Document Champions), if any. (If applicable roles exist, kindly include memorandums, plans, or reports issued by those persons).

#### **Summary**

Records concerning the appointment of employees responsible for promoting freedom of information and records management.

#### **Rational**

Internal promotion of FOI and RM contributes to effective implementation.

### **Request item 19**

Organizational charts that include records/information management personnel (or the relevant organizational charts if your public body does not have dedicated RM/IM personal).

#### **Summary**

Charts that outline where freedom of information personnel and information management personnel exist within an organization.

#### **Rational**

Organizational charts help identify who is responsible for fulfilling certain obligations.

### **Request item 20**

Final training packages (i.e. presentation slides, etc.) and training implementation history files (e.g. reports of completion, etc.) for freedom of information and records/information management, including initial training specific to FOI analysts/coordinators.

#### **Summary**

Training materials for freedom of information and records management.

#### **Rational**

Training is necessary for the successful implementation of FOIPPA and IMA.

### **Request item 21**

internal surveys and the results of surveys concerning records/information management of freedom of information.

### **Summary**

Surveys about records management and freedom of information.

### **Rational**

Surveys of staff provide insight into the state of records management and freedom of information.

### **Request item 22**

“Documenting government decisions” policy instruments (where “instrument” has the same meaning as in [Treasury Board Directive 1/23](#)).

### **Summary**

Duty to document policies.

### **Rational**

The Chief Records Officer has developed directives instructing public bodies to develop organization-specific policies for documenting government decisions.

### **Request item 23**

Final Requests for Proposals concerning records management/freedom of information (not privacy).

### **Summary**

Requests for proposals for freedom of information and records management projects.

### **Rational**

RFPs document a public body's needs in order to identify the solutions they are seeking proposals to address.

### **Request item 24**

Copies of checklists, forms, templates, guides and other tools used in relation to processing freedom of information requests.

### **Summary**

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### **Rational**

Workflow materials for freedom of information processing.

### **Request item 25**

Contracts and statements of work for consultant services for freedom of information/records management work.

### **Summary**

Contracts and statements of work for consultants' work related to freedom of information and records management.

### **Rational**

Contracts and statements of work define the boundaries of what work the public body performs and what work it relies on others' to perform.

### **Request item 26**

Case management procedures (i.e. how analysts are assigned, what data is to be logged, how to notify program areas, etc.) for freedom of information requests.

#### **Summary**

Procedures for managing request workflows.

#### **Rational**

Case management software helps public bodies keep track of requests and organize their responses.

### **Request item 27**

Copies of any plans or assessments done in preparation for the application of the Information Management Act (e.g. Readiness Assessments for the provision relating to document government decisions).

#### **Summary**

Reports produced to prepare to implement duty to document.

#### **Rational**

These reports established the baseline position from which duty to document was purportedly implemented.

### **Request item 28**

Any previously unrequested/undisclosed records that assist in understanding how (1) records management is practiced in your public body, or (2) how decisions about freedom of information requests are made and how they are processed (e.g. any document, including an intranet file or records of another public body, that an employee references in the course of processing a request or describes how to apply exceptions, search for records, etc.).

#### **Summary**

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#### **Rational**

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December 8, 2023

Spencer Izen  
BC Freedom of Information and Privacy Association  
AccessRequestFrom@fipa.bc.ca

Dear Spencer Izen:

**Re: Request for Access to Records**

I am responding to your e-mail of November 3, 2023 in which you requested copies of Royal BC Museum privacy documents and policies. The Royal BC Museum (RBCM) has two privacy units including one for the RBCM corporate records and one for the BC Archives. I am responding with information about the BC Archives. My colleague Dion Dhillon will respond with information about the corporate records.

I have attached two documents to my response. I have also answered some of your questions below.

- **current organizational charts that indicate freedom of information personnel and information management personnel**

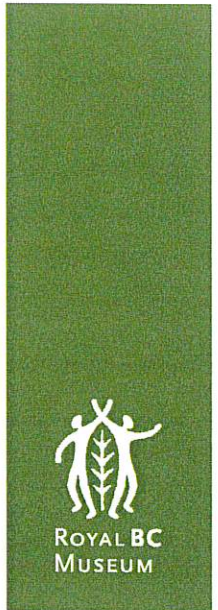
Attached. There are two archives staff (the archives manager and an archivist) who are responsible for FOI requests. Both spend 50% of their time on FOI requests. Their positions are highlighted in yellow

- **delegation of authority charts for the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*;**

There is no current authority chart for the BC Archives.

- **policies or procedures regarding freedom of information (not privacy), including policies and procedures regarding the routine release of information and proactive disclosure.**

Many records in the archives do not have access restrictions. Researchers are free to visit the public reference room in the archives. Policies relating to the BC Archives and proactive disclosure and use of the archival records are





available to researchers at the following website  
<https://www.royalbcmuseum.bc.ca/bcarchives/visit>

- **final reports regarding the public body's performance reporting, program evaluations, or project implementation plans or reviews with respect to freedom of information**

Very basic information about public access at the BC Archives is available in BC Archives unit reports. I created a document that contains all of the information about public access for the years 2020-2021, 2021-2022 and 2022-2023. I created this document because the BC Archives unit reports are quite long and most of it is not relevant to your request.

Please contact me if you have any questions. You may reach me at [privacy@royalbcmuseum.bc.ca](mailto:privacy@royalbcmuseum.bc.ca) or by phone at 250-208-4610.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Michael Carter".

Michael Carter  
Government Records Manager

Enclosure

# **Public Access at the BC Archives for the years 2020-2023**

## **2020-2021**

Government Records archivists have uploaded the descriptions to the online collections management system which allows the public to view the holdings of the archives. Reference Room staff provide access to the archival records to onsite and offsite researchers. Researchers request a wide variety of records with court records, specifically divorce orders and probate files, being the most popular.

Public access to records was improved with an upload of 99 new series descriptions to the Royal BC Museum's public access database AtoM. There were also updates to 50 existing series in order to account for new government accruals. These series descriptions, and attached file lists, provide detailed descriptions of the records.

Researcher access to the Reference Room was limited this year due to COVID. The Reference Room was opened on an appointment system with a maximum of five researchers in the room at any one time. Even so, reference staff retrieved approximately 4032 items for clients in the past year. Staff also responded to 3043 written inquiries.

There were also 171 FOI inquiries for government archival records in the past year. Government Records staff assisted with the processing of FOI requests during the year.

## **2021-2022**

BC Archives archivists have uploaded the descriptions to the online collections management system which allows the public to view the holdings of the archives. Reference Room staff provide access to the archival records to onsite and offsite researchers. Researchers request a wide variety of

records with court records, specifically divorce orders and probate files, being the most popular.

Public access to records was improved with an upload of 132 new series descriptions to the Royal BC Museum's public access database AtoM. There were also updates to 114 existing series in order to account for new government accruals. These series descriptions, and attached file lists, provide detailed descriptions of the records.

Researcher access to the Reference Room was limited this year due to COVID. For most of the year, the Reference Room was opened on an appointment system with a maximum of five researchers in the room at any one time. 1895 researchers visited the archives in person over the past year. Even so, reference staff retrieved approximately 5340 items for clients in the past year. Staff also responded to 2988 written inquiries.

There were also 161 FOI inquiries for government archival records in the past year. Government Records staff assisted with the processing of FOI requests during the year.

## **2022-2023**

Archivists uploaded the series descriptions to the online collections management system which allows the public to view the holdings of the archives. These descriptions, and attached file lists, provide detailed descriptions of the records.

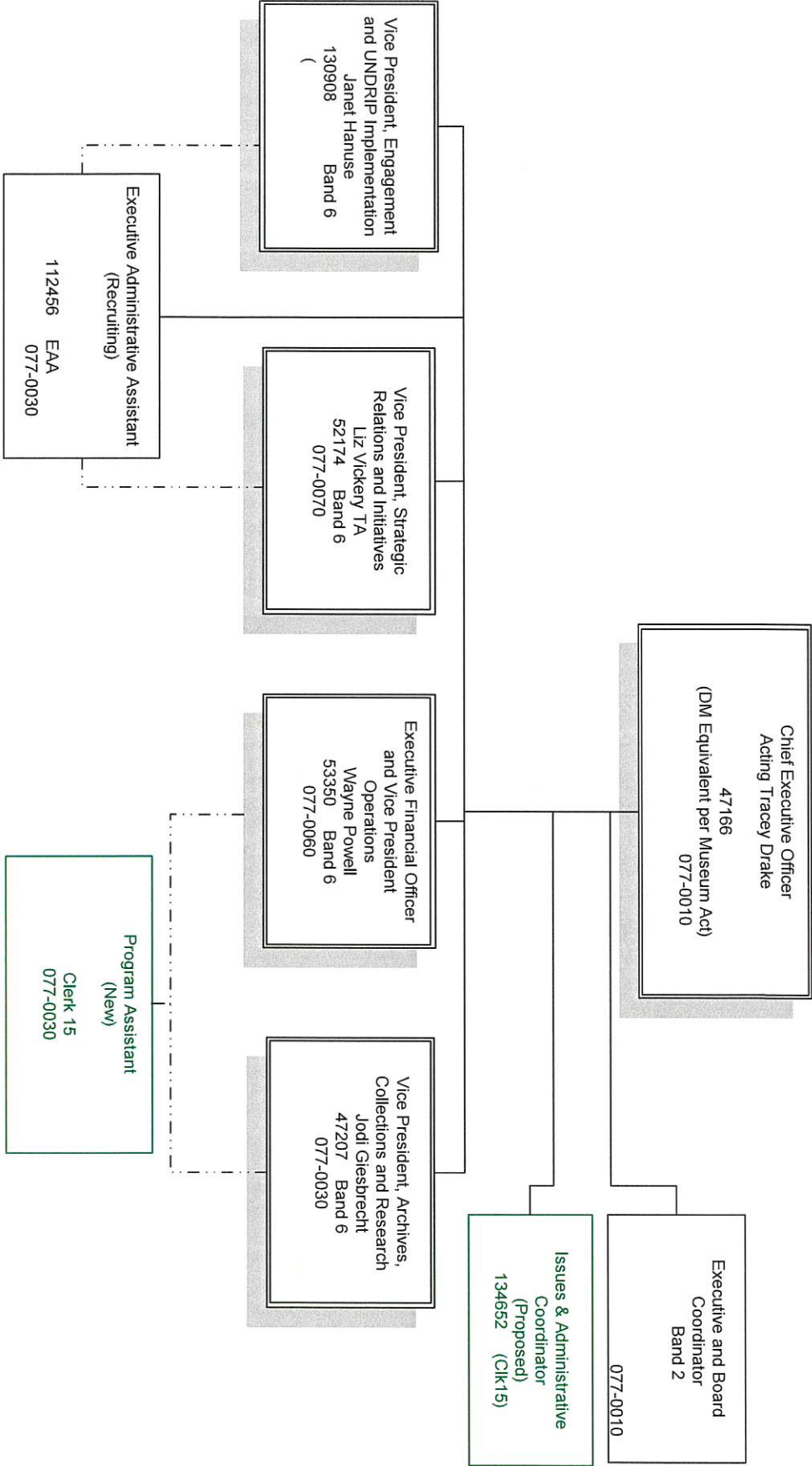
Reference Room staff provide access to onsite and offsite researchers. Researchers request a wide variety of records with court records, specifically divorce orders and probate files, being the most popular. 3053 researchers visited the BC Archives in person over the past year and reference staff retrieved 5479 items for clients in the past year. Staff also responded to 2361 written inquiries.

Archivists conduct privacy reviews of records at the same time that they are describing and processing records. These are high-level reviews and document whether there are restricted records in a series or box. These reviews are then used by staff in the archives' reference room to ensure that researchers do not access restricted records. Researchers who wish to see restricted material must apply to the Privacy Office of the BC Archives.

There were 215 FOI inquiries for government archival records in the past year. Government Records program archivists assisted with the processing of FOI requests during the year.

# Royal BC Museum

CEO's Office



## LEGEND

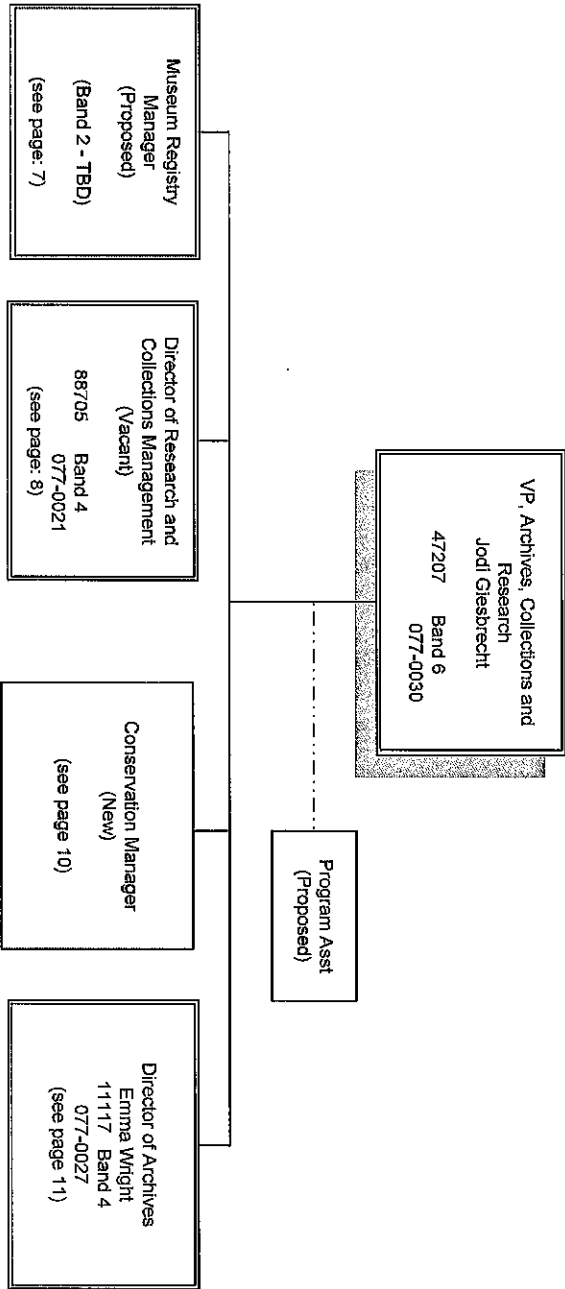
- Funded by CRB Project
- Funded externally
- New or proposed positions
- Funded by PPM

Approved: Acting Tracey Drake, Chief Executive Officer

Date:

# Royal BC Museum

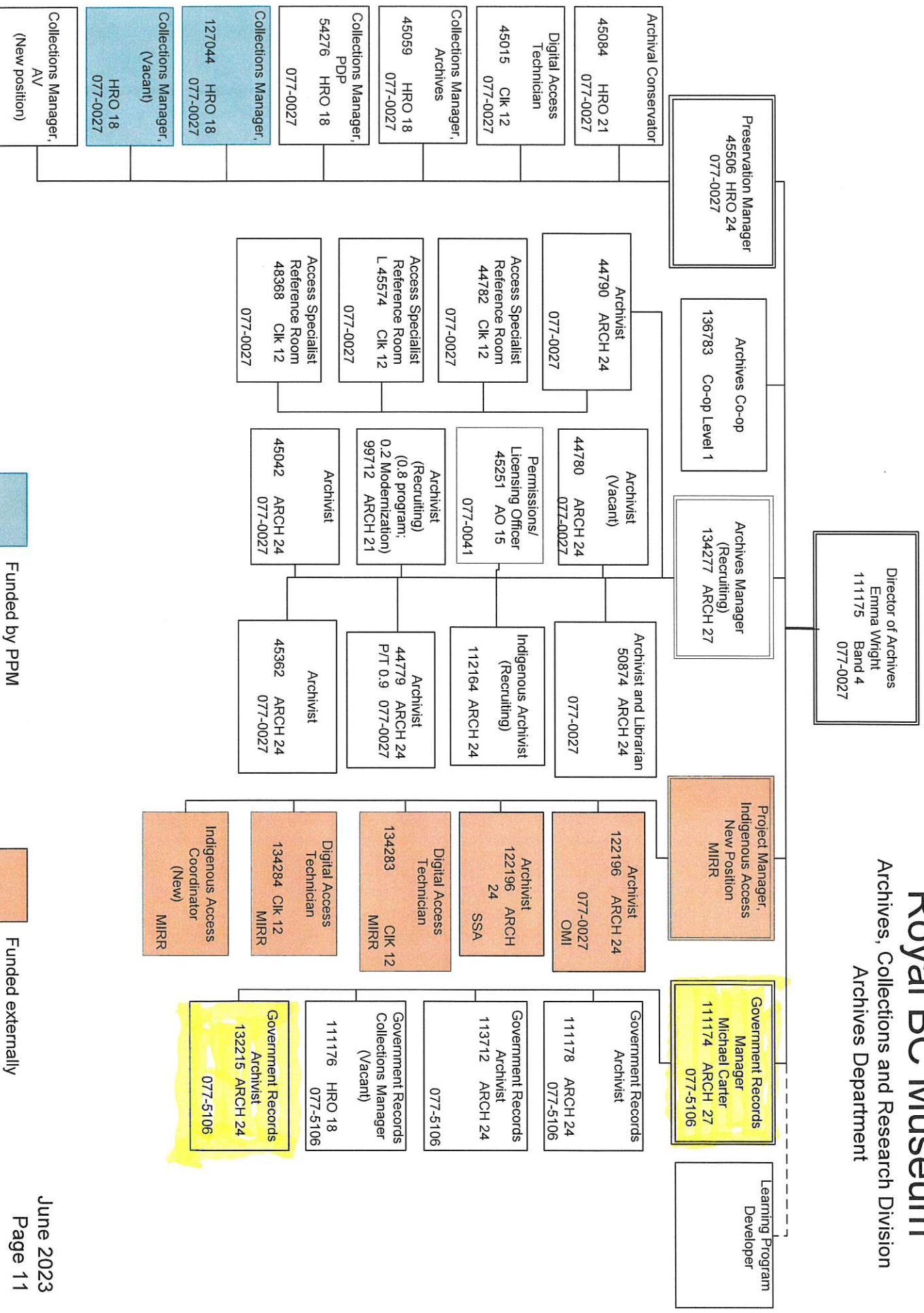
Archives, Collections and Research Division



# Royal BC Museum

## Archives, Collections and Research Division

### Archives Department



Funded by PPM

Funded externally